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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/557,820	11/23/2005	Kwan Young Han	074998-0012	2544
20277 7590 09/14/2007 MCDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP 600 13TH STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005-3096			EXAMINER	
			TRAN, TONY	
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20005-3096		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			2818	
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			09/14/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/557,820	HAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Tony Tran	2818				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMU 1.136(a). In no event, however, may d will apply and will expire SIX (6) N ute cause the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed IONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30	July 2007.					
closed in accordance with the practice under	r Ex parte:@uayle#4935:6	J.D.: 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application	on. 🦟 💇 😢 🦠 🔞	19.1400 c				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.						
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
o) Claim(s) are subject to rectriction and	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Application Papers		·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on <u>23 November 2005</u> is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	an priority under 35 H S (C & 119(a)-(d) or (f)				
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
a)⊠ All b)⊡ some c)⊡ None of. 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bure						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a l	ist of the certified copies	not received.				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ew Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (* 10-3-40) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>07/26/07</u> .	5) Notice	of Informal Patent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

This is responsive to Amendment filed on 07/26/07. In light of the amendment, claim 13 has been amended.

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

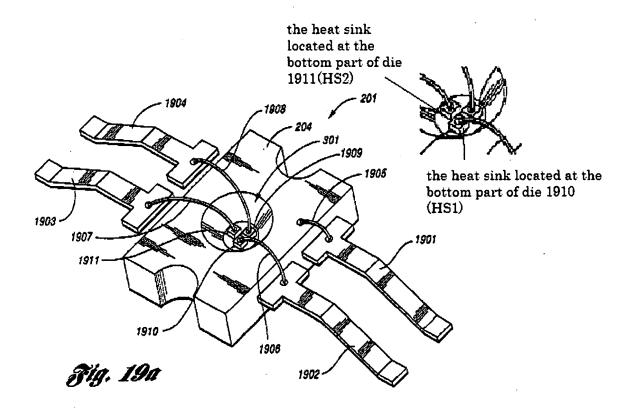
The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless —

(b) The invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of the application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-6, 8-10 and 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Roberts et al. (Patent No.: US 6335548 B1) (hereinafter Roberts) filed in IDS on 07/26/07.

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Regarding Claim 1, Roberts, one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-19B teaches a high power light emitting diode package comprising:

a main body (204, col. 29, lines 61-65);

at least two lead terminals (1902 & 1903, col. 30, lines 5-10) fixed to the main body (204); and

at least two heat sinks (HS1 & HS2, FIG. 19a as shown above, note that HS1 and HS2 are sitting on top of heat extraction 204 which are conducting heat to 204 they are considering as the heat sinks) of electrically and thermally conductive materials, the heat sinks being separated from each other and fixed to the main body (204).

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Regarding Claims 2-3, Roberts, one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-19B further teaches the package of claim 1, wherein each of the at least two heat sinks (HS1 & HS2) has a reflective surface (301, col. 30, lines 9-11 & col. 12, lines 10-15) extended from an upper surface thereof (claim 2).

wherein the at least two heat sinks are a pair (HS1 & HS2, FIG. 19a as shown above) (claim 3).

Regarding Claim 4, Roberts, one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-19B further teaches the package of claim 3, further comprising: at least one light emitting diode die (top part of die 1910 or 1911) mounted on upper surfaces of the at least two heat sinks (HS1 & HS2), the die (1910 & 1911) being directly and electrically connected to the heat sinks (HS1 & HS2) through a surface of the die (top surface of 1910 & 1911).

Regarding Claim 5, Roberts, one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-19B further teaches the package of claim 4, further comprising: bonding wires (1906 & 1907) electrically connecting the at least two lead terminals (1902 & 1903), the at least two heat sinks (HS1 & HS2) and the at least one light emitting diode die (1910 & 1911).

Regarding Claim 6, Roberts, one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-19B further teaches package of claim 4, further comprising: a lens (401, col. 30, lines 9-10) attached to the main body (204), the lens (401) enclosing the at least one light emitting diode die (1910 & 1911).

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Regarding Claim 8, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B further teaches the package of claim 4, further comprising: a fluorescent material converting the wavelength of light emitted from the at least one light emitting diode die (fluorescent dyes....within the encapsulant....re-emit it at lower wavelength, col. 24, lines 39-45, note that the encapsulant is the 203, FIG. 9B, col. 30, lines 8-10)

Regarding Claim 9, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B further teaches he package of claim 1, further comprising:

light emitting diode dies (top surface of 1910 & 1911) mounted on the respective heat sinks (HS1 & HS2), the light emitting diode dies emitting different wavelengths of light (the three dies 1909, 1910 and 1911 emit at red, blue, and green wavelengths respectively, col. 30, lines 13-14).

Regarding Claim 10, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B further teaches the package of claim 9, wherein the at least two lead terminals (1902 & 1903) include:

lead terminals (1902 & 1903) electrically (connected to the at least two heat sinks (HS1 & HS2) respectively; and a common lead terminal electrically connected to all of the at least two heat sinks (the base (cathode) of the dies, the cup 301 and 204, col. 29, lines 61-67 and col. 30, lines 1-11, FIG. 9a).

Regarding Claim 12, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B further teaches the package of claim 9, wherein the light emitting diode dies include light emitting diode

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dies (1909, 1910, and 1911) emitting a first wavelength of light (red), a second wavelength of light (blue) and a third wavelength of light (green), respectively.

Regarding Claim 13, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B further teaches wherein the first wavelength, the second wavelength and the third wavelength are red wavelength, green wavelength and blue wavelength, respectively (the three dies 1909, 1910 and 1911 emit at red, blue, and green wavelengths respectively, col. 30, lines 13-14).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

35 U.S.C. 103 Conditions for patentability; non-obvious subject matter.

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B (Patent No.: US 6335548 B1) (hereinafter Roberts) in view of Roberts et al., another embodiment, FIGS. 1-15 filed in IDS on 7/26/07).

Regarding Claim 7, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B does disclose all the limitation of claim 6; and wherein the lens (401) includes at least one light emitting diode die (1910).

However, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B does not disclose includes an optically transparent material which is directly contacted with the at least one light emitting diode die.

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Nevertheless, Roberts et al., another embodiment, FIGS. 1-15 does teach includes an optically transparent material (501, FIG. 5, col. 17, lines 48-50) which is directly contacted with the at least one light emitting diode die (1910).

Therefore, since both Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B and Roberts et al., another embodiment, FIGS. 1-15 teach on the same light emitting device. It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further including includes an optically transparent material which is directly contacted with the at least one light emitting diode die in Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B, as taught by Roberts et al., another embodiment, FIGS. 1-15. One would have been motivate to make such a change to improve the electrical characteristic and performance of the light emitting device.

Claim 11 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B (Patent No.: US 6335548 B1) (hereinafter Roberts) in view of Pederson (Pub. No.: US 2005/0001562 A1).

Regarding Claim 11 and 14, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B does disclose all the limitation of claims 1, 9 and 10.

However, Roberts et al., one embodiment, FIGS. 19A-B does not disclose the limitation as claim 11 and 14.

Nevertheless, Pederson does teach an additional heat sink (346, FIG. 18, [0118]); and a zener diode (614, FIG. 24, [0144]) mounted on the additional heat sink (note that the zener diode is mounted on one of the opening 344, FIG. 18, [0118]), and

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a controller (50, FIG. 26, [0154]) for controlling the electric power supplied to the light emitting diode package ([0153]), wherein the controller controls the amount of the current supplied to the respective heat sinks (microcontroller 900 switches to decrease the current, [0153]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include all the limitation in claims 11 and 14, as taught by Pederson. One would have been motivate to make such a change to optimize the performance of the LED (Pederson, [0003]), and inclusion of such would improve the photometric efficiency (Carey et al., col. 1, lines 9-15).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tony Tran whose telephone number is 571 270-1749. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday: 7:30AM-5:00PM (E.S.T.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Loke can be reached on (571) 272-1657. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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